XC62FP



Series

Positive Voltage Regulators

- **◆CMOS Low Power Consumption**
- **♦Small Input-Output Voltage Differential**

: 0.12V @ 100mA,

0.38V @ 200mA

♦Maximum Output Current : 250mA (Vout=5.0V)

♦Output Voltage Range :2.0V~6.0V ♦Highly Accurate :±2% (±1%)

■General Description

The XC62FP series is a group of positive voltage output, three-pin regulators, that provide a high current even when the input/output voltage differential is small. Low power consumption and high accuracy is achieved through CMOS and laser trimming technologies.

The XC62FP consists of a high-precision voltage reference, an error amplification circuit, and a current limited output driver. Transient response to load variations have improved in comparison to the existing series

SOT-23 (150mW), SOT-89 (500mW) and TO-92 (300mW) packages are available.

■Applications

- Battery Powered Equipment
- Palmtops
- ●Portable Cameras and Video Recorders
- ●Reference Voltage Sources

■Features

Maximum Output Current

: 250mA

(within max. power dissipation, Vout = 5.0V)

Output Voltage Range

: 2.0V ~ 6.0V in 0.1V increments (1.5V ~ 1.9V for custom products)

Highly Accurate: Output voltage ±2%

(±1% for semi-custom products)

Low Power Consumption

: Typ. 2.0 μ A @ Vout=5.0V

Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics

: Typ. ±100ppm/°C

Input Stability : Typ. 0.2%/V Small Input-Output Differential

: Iout = 100mA @ Vout = 5.0V with a

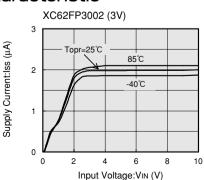
0.12V differential.

Ultra Small Packages

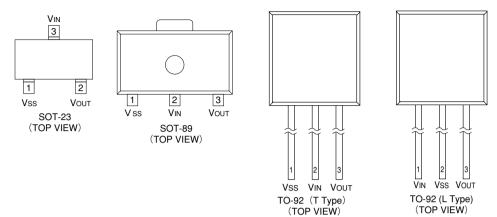
: SOT-23 (150mW) mini-mold, SOT-89 (500mW) mini-power mold TO-92 (300mW)

■Typical Application Circuit

■Typical Performance Characteristic



■Pin Configuration

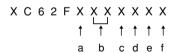


■Pin Assignment

PIN NUMBER				PIN NAME	FUNCTION	
SOT-23	SOT-89	TO-92 (T)	TO-92 (L)	PIN NAIVIE	FUNCTION	
1	1	1	2	Vss	Ground	
3	2	2	1	Vin	Supply voltage input	
2	3	3	3	Vоит	Regulated voltage output	

■Product Classification

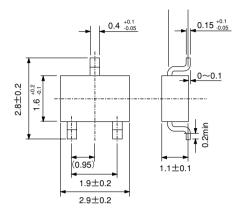
Ordering Information



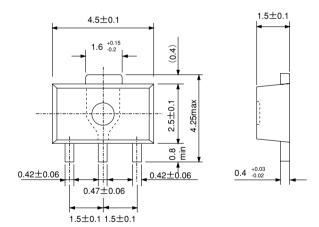
DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNATOR	DESCRIPTION
а	Polarity of Output Voltage: P: + (Positive)	e	Package Type M=SOT-23 P=SOT-89 T=TO-92 (Standard) L=TO-92 (Custom pin configuration)
b	Output Voltage 30=3.0V 50=5.0V		
С	Temperature Coefficients: 0=±100ppm (typical)	f	Device Orientation R=Embossed Tape (Standard Feed) L=Embossed Tape
d	Output Voltage Accuracy: 1=±1.0% (Semi-custom) 2=±2.0%		(Reverse Feed) H=Paper Tape (TO-92) B=Bag (TO-92)

■Packaging Information

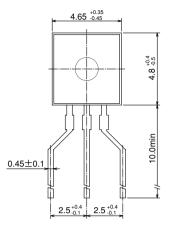
●SOT-23

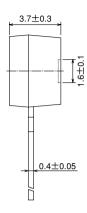


●SOT-89



●TO-92

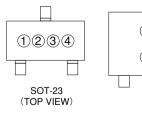






Marking

●SOT-23, SOT-89



	(Q)	4		
	\odot	<u>(c)</u>		
SOT-89 (TOP VIEW)				

2 Represents the decimal number of the Output Voltage

SYMBOL	VOLTAGE(V)	SYMBOL	VOLTAGE(V)
Α	①.0	F	①.5
В	①.1	Н	①.6
С	①.2	K	①.7
D	①.3	L	①.8
E	①.4	М	①.9

① Represents the integer of the Output Voltage

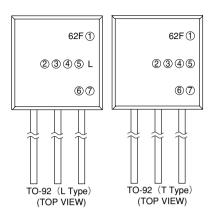
SYMBOL	VOLTAGE(V)	SYMBOL	VOLTAGE(V)	
1	1.②	5	5.②	
2	2.②	6	6.②	
3	3.②			
4	4.2			

3 Based on internal standards

Based on internal standards
SYMBOL
0

4 Represents the assembly lot no. Based on internal standards

●TO-92



 Represents the polarity of Output Voltage

DESIGNATOR	CONFIGURATION
Р	CMOS

4 Represents the temperature characteristics

DESIGNATOR	TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS	
0	TPY±100ppm	

6 Represents a least significant digit of the produced year

- 3	- I <i>)</i>
DESIGNATOR	PRODUCED YEAR
0	2000
1	2001

Denotes the production lot number0 to 9, A to Z repeated (G.I.J.O.Q.W excepted)

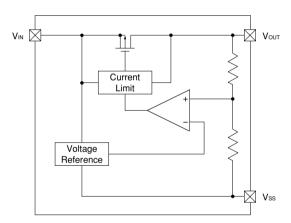
23 Represents the Detect Voltage

DESIG	VOLTAGE (V)	
2	3	VOLTAGE (V)
3	3	3.3
5	0	5.0

5 Represents the Detect Voltage Accuracy

-	•
DESIGNATOR	DETECT VOLTAGE ACCURACY
1	within ±1% (semi-custom)
2	within ±2%

■Block Diagram



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Ta=25°C

				Ta=25°C
PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNITS
Input Voltage		Vin	12	٧
Output Cu	Output Current		500	mA
Output Vo	Output Voltage		Vss-0.3 ~ Vin+0.3	V
_	SOT-23		150	
Continuous Total Power Dissipation	SOT-89	Pd	500	mW
Biodipation	TO-92		300	
	Operating Ambient Temperature		-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temp	Storage Temperature		− 40 ~ +125	°C

■Electrical Characteristics

XC62FP5002 Vout(T)=5.0V (Note1)

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	Vour (E) (Note2)	IOUT=40mA VIN=6.0V	4.900	5.000	5.100	V	1
Maximum Output Current	Іоит тах	Vin=6.0V, Vout(E) ≥ 4.5V	250			mA	1
Load Stability	Δ V ουτ	V _{IN} =6.0V 1mA ≤ lout ≤ 100mA		40	80	mV	1
Input -Output Voltage Differential (Note3)	Vdif1	Iout=100mA		120	300	mV	1
	Vdif2	Iout=200mA		380	600	mV	1
Supply Current	Iss	VIN=6.0V		2.0	4.5	μА	2
Input Stability	ΔVOUT ΔVIN • VOUT	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Iout=40mA} \\ 6.0\text{V} \leq \text{Vin} \leq 10.0\text{V} \end{array}$		0.2	0.3	%/V	1
Input Voltage	Vin				10	٧	_
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	ΔVουτ ΔTopr•Voυτ	louт=40mA -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C	1

XC62FP4002 Vout(T)=4.0V (Note1)

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	Vour (E) (Note2)	IOUT=40mA VIN=5.0V	3.920	4.000	4.080	V	1
Maximum Output Current	Іоит тах	VIN=5.0V, VOUT(E) ≥ 3.6V	200			mA	1
Load Stability	Δ V ουτ	$V_{IN}=5.0V$ $1mA \le I_{OUT} \le 100mA$		45	90	mV	1
Input -Output Voltage Differential ^(Note3)	Vdif1	Iout=100mA		170	330	mV	1
	Vdif2	Iout=200mA		400	630	mV	1
Supply Current	Iss	VIN=5.0V		2.0	4.5	μΑ	2
Input Stability	ΔVout ΔVin • Vout	IouT=40mA 5.0V ≤ ViN ≤ 10.0V		0.2	0.3	%/V	1
Input Voltage	Vin				10	V	_
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	<u>Δ</u> Vουτ <u>Δ</u> Topr• Voυτ	louт=40mA -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C	1

XC62FP3002 Vout(T)=3.0V (Note1)

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	Vour (E) (Note2)	IOUT=40mA VIN=4.0V	2.940	3.000	3.060	V	1
Maximum Output Current	Іоит тах	VIN=4.0V, VOUT(E) ≥ 2.7V	150			mA	1
Load Stability	Δ V ουτ	V _{IN} =4.0V 1mA ≤ louт ≤ 80mA		45	90	mV	1
Input -Output Voltage Differential (Note3)	Vdif1	Іоит=80mА		180	360	mV	1
	Vdif2	Iout=160mA		400	700	mV	1
Supply Current	Iss	VIN=4.0V		2.0	4.5	μА	2
Input Stability	ΔVout ΔVin • Vout	lоuт=40mA 4.0V ≤ Vin ≤ 10.0V		0.2	0.3	%/V	1
Input Voltage	Vin				10	V	_
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	<u>Δ</u> Vουτ <u>Δ</u> Topr • Voυτ	Iо∪т=40mA -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C	1

XC62FP2002 Vout(T)=2.0V (Note1)

Ta=25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	CIRCUIT
Output Voltage	Vout (E) (Note2)	IOUT=40mA VIN=3.0V	1.960	2.000	2.040	V	1
Maximum Output Current	Іоит тах	VIN=3.0V, VOUT(E) ≥ 1.8V	100			mA	1
Load Stability	Δ V ουτ	Vin=3.0V 1mA ≤ Iout ≤ 60mA		45	90	mV	1
Input -Output Voltage Differential ^(Note3)	Vdif1	Іоит=60mА		180	360	mV	1
	Vdif2	Iout=120mA		400	700	mV	1
Supply Current	Iss	VIN=3.0V		2.0	4.5	μΑ	2
Input Stability	ΔVOUT ΔVIN • VOUT	Iout=40mA 3.0V ≤ Vin ≤ 10.0V		0.2	0.3	%/V	1
Input Voltage	Vin				10	V	_
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	<u>Δ</u> Vουτ <u>Δ</u> Topr • Voυτ	lо⊔т=40mA -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C		±100		ppm/°C	1

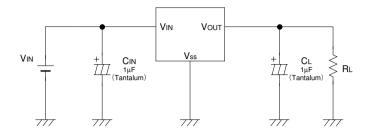
Note: 1. $V_{OUT}(T)$ =Specified Output Voltage .

- 2. Vour(E)=Effective Output Voltage (i.e. the output voltage when "Vour(T)+1.0V" is provided at the VIN pin while maintaining a certain lour value).

 3. Vdif={ViN1= The input voltage at the time 98% of Vour(E) is output (input voltage has been gradually reduced).

■Typical Application Circuit

Standard Circuit

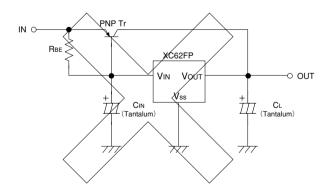


■Directions for use

Notes on Use

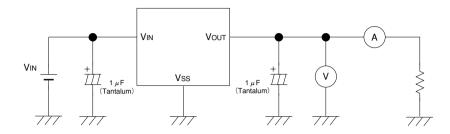
- 1. Please use this IC within the stipulated absolute maximum ratings as the IC is liable to malfunction outside of such parameters.
- 2. There is a possibility that oscillation may occur as a result of the impedance present between the power supply and the IC's input. Where impedance is 10Ω or more, please use a capacitor (Cin) of at least 1μF.
 - With a large output current, operations can be stabilised by increasing capacitor size (CIN). If CIN is small and capacitor size (CL) is increased, there is a possibility of oscillation due to input impedance.
 - In such cases, operations can be stabilised by either increasing the size of C_{IN} or decreasing the size of C_L.
- 3. Please ensure that output current (Ioυτ) is less than Pd ÷ (Vin -Voυτ) and does not exceed the stipulated Continuous Total Power Dissipation value (Pd) for the package.
- 4. Should you wish to increase output current (loυτ) and/or have the capability to exceed the stipulated Pd value, using a current boost circuit (similar to the one shown below) is likely to lead to oscillation.
 - With such applications, we recommend use of a boost type voltage regulator, such as the Torex XC62EP series.

Current Boost Circuit : Poor Example

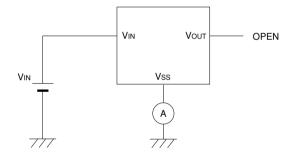


■Test Circuits

Circuit 1

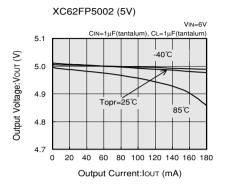


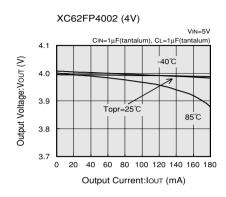
Circuit 2

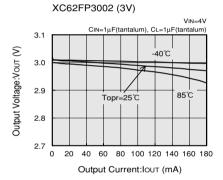


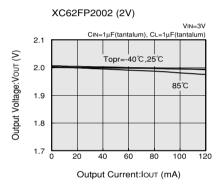
■Typical Performance Characteristics

(1) OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. OUTPUT CURRENT

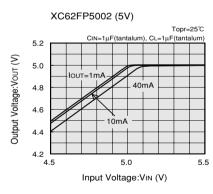


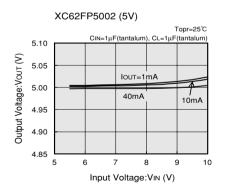


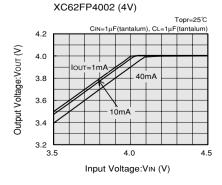


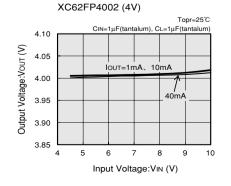


(2) OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. INPUT VOLTAGE

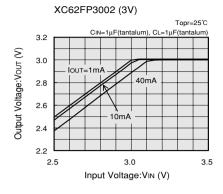


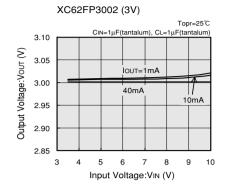


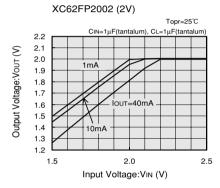


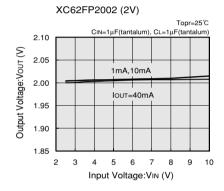


(2) OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. INPUT VOLTAGE

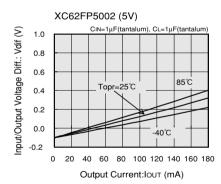


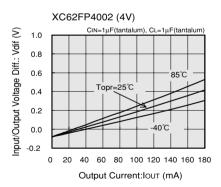


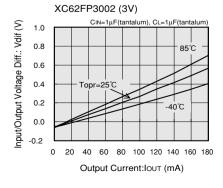


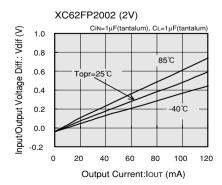


(3) INPUT/OUTPUT VOLTAGE DIFFERENTIAL vs. OUTPUT CURRENT



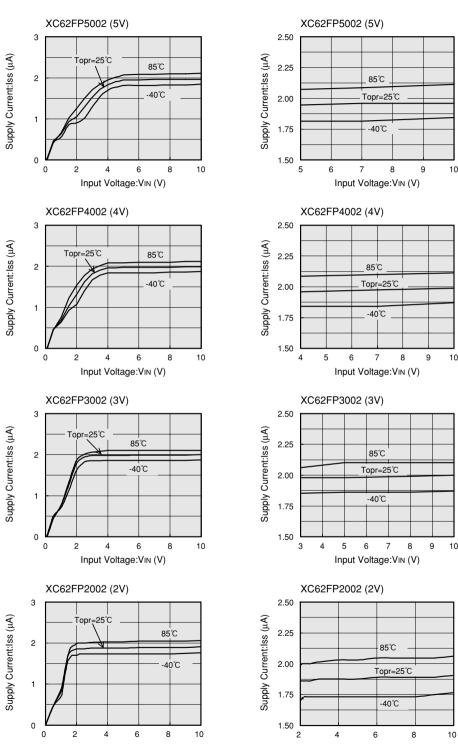






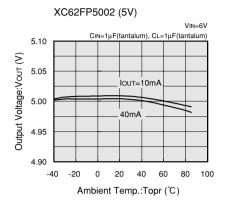
(4) SUPPLY CURRENT vs. INPUT VOLTAGE

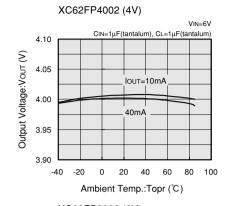
Input Voltage:VIN (V)

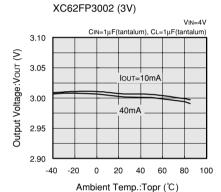


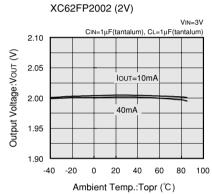
Input Voltage:VIN (V)

(5) OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

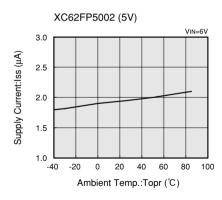


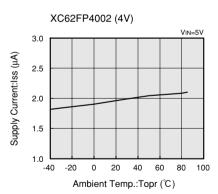


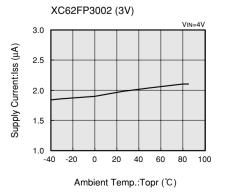


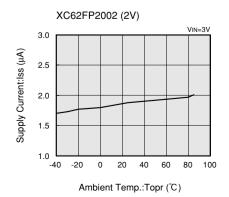


(6) SUPPLY CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

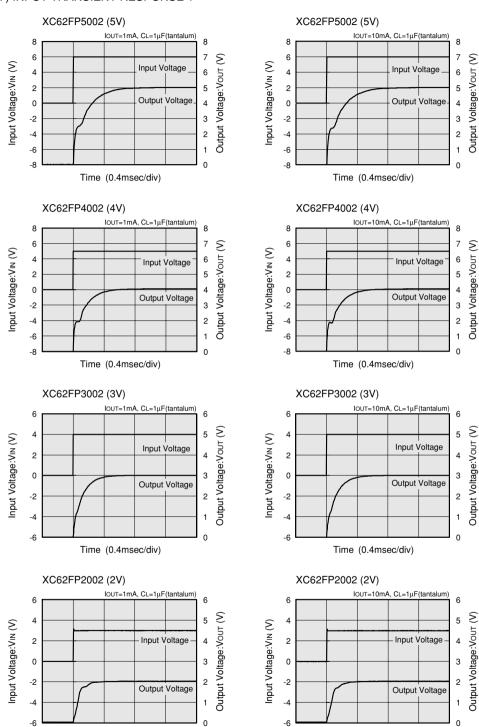








(7) INPUT TRANSIENT RESPONSE 1

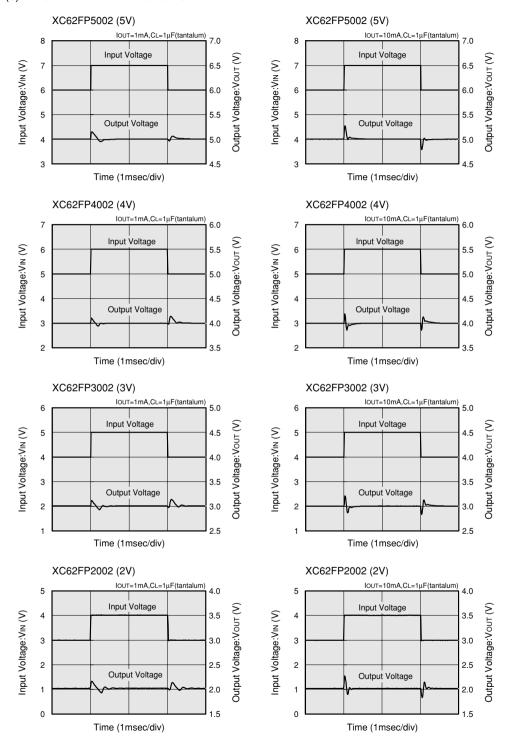


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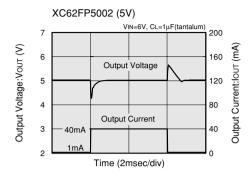
Time (0.4msec/div)

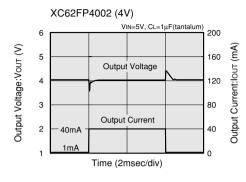
Time (0.4msec/div)

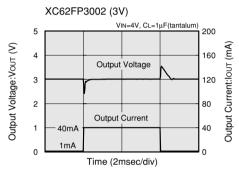
(8) INPUT TRANSIENT RESPONSE 2

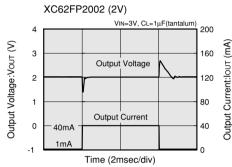


(9) LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE









(10) RIPPLE REJECTION RATE

